

The IRSF Magellanic Clouds Point Source Catalog

- Near-IR Point Source Catalog for the MCs
- A joint program of Nagoya University, National Astronomical Observatory of Japan, The University of Tokyo, and South African Astronomical Observatory (SAAO)

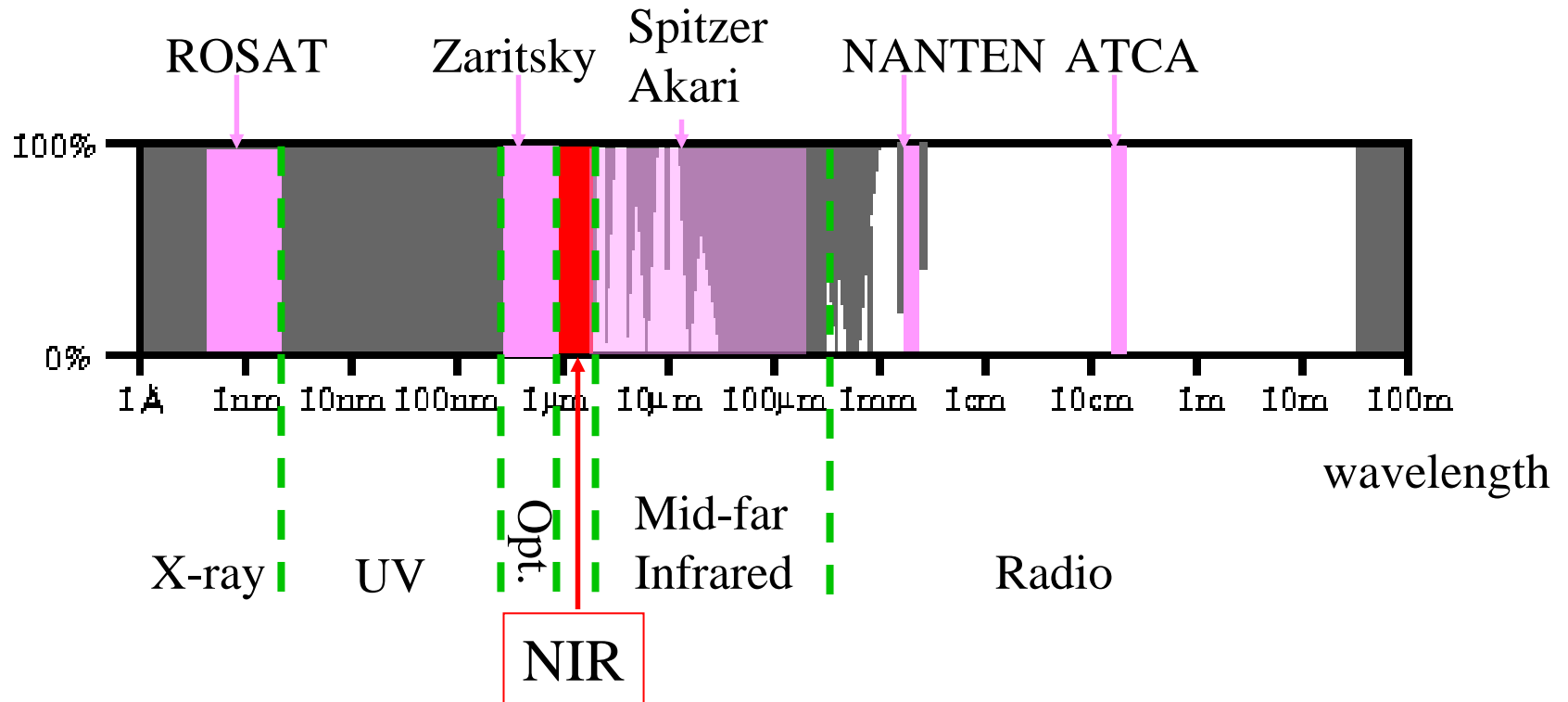
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- Outline of the Catalog
- Advantages
- Preliminary Results



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MCs surveys at a wide range of wavelengths

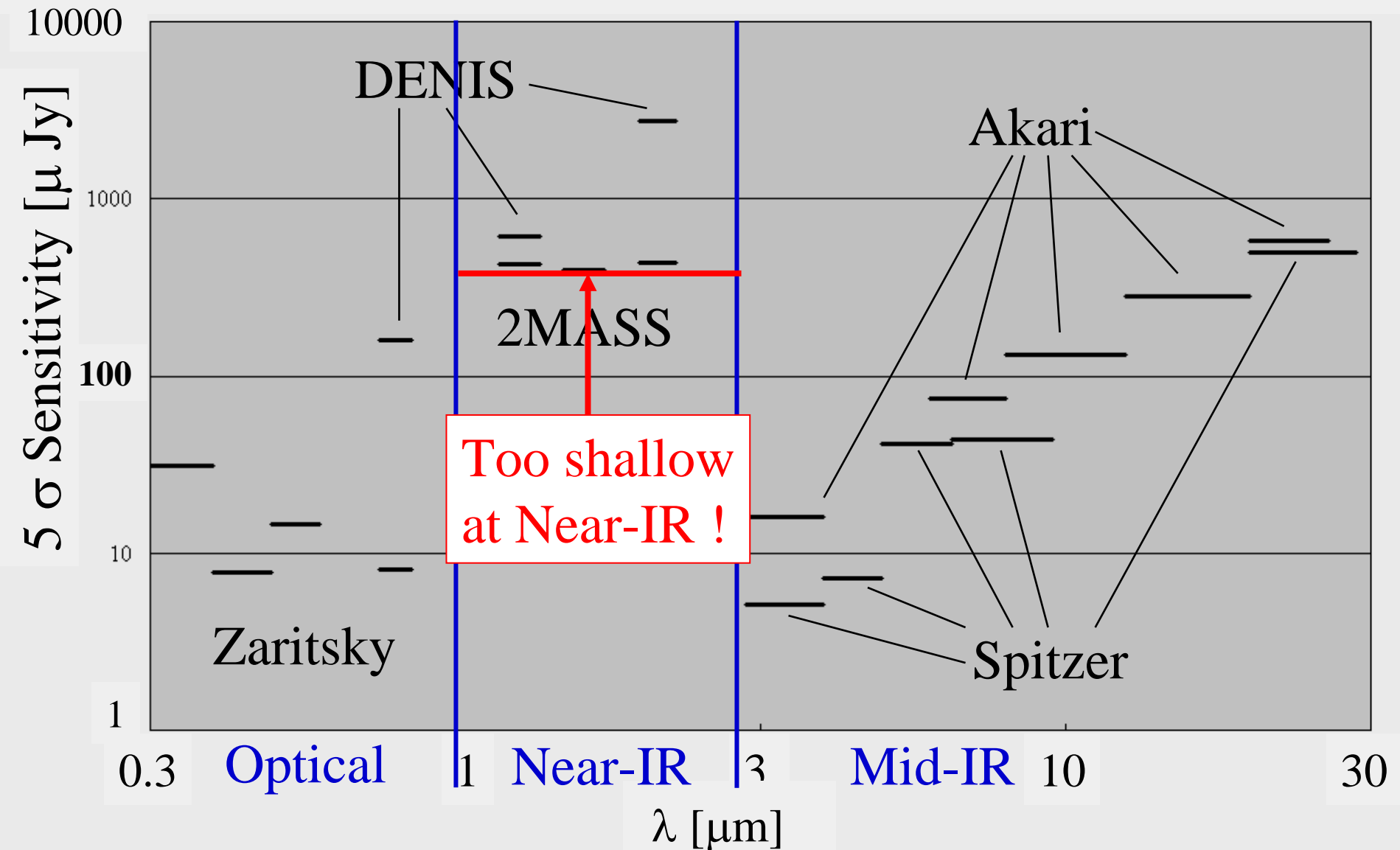


The MCs have been covered from X-ray to Radio wavelengths

NIR: 2MASS and DENIS cover the whole MCs.

→ Their sensitivities are relatively shallow

Comparison of Sensitivity



We have carried out deep NIR survey with IRSF/SIRIUS.

IRSF (InfraRed Survey Facility)

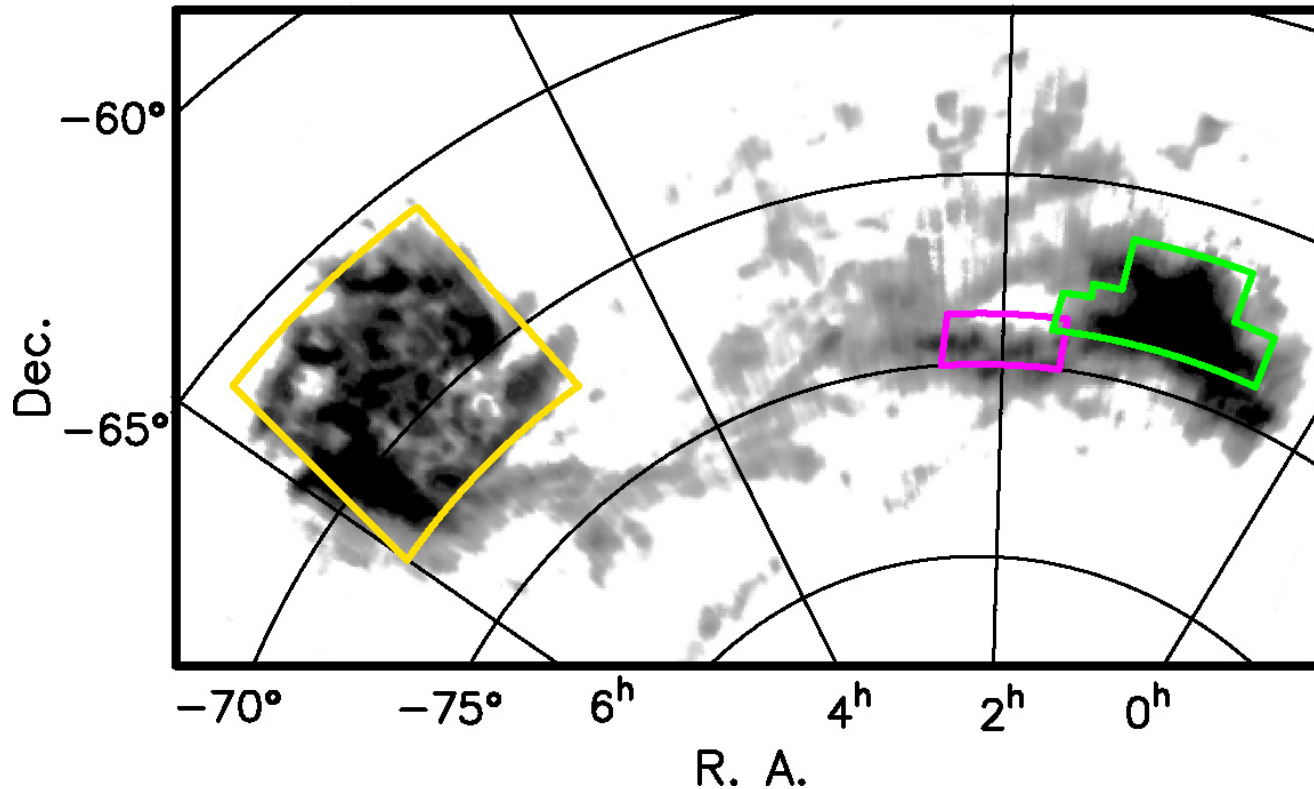


- IRSF 1.4 m telescope
+Near-IR camera “SIRIUS”
- Developed at SAAO
- Simultaneous Imaging at
 - J -band (1.25 μm)
 - H-band (1.63 μm)
 - Ks-band (2.14 μm)
- FoV: 7 '.7 x 7 '.7
- Pixel scale: 0".45 / pix
- Exposure time: 300 sec

Observations were made from
Oct. 2001 to Mar. 2006.

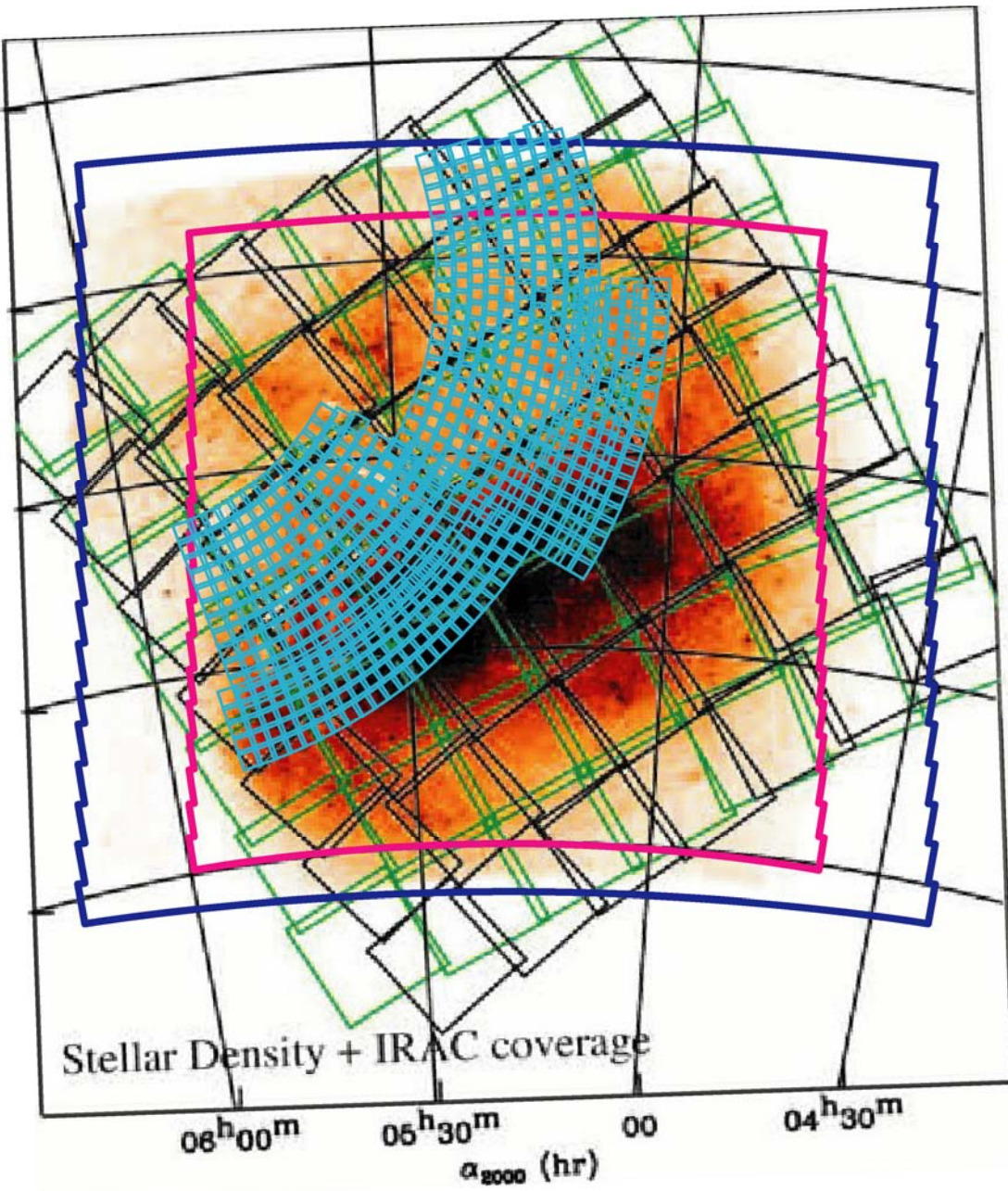
Coverage

- 55 deg² of LMC, SMC, and a part of the Bridge



HI gas (Putman et al. 1998)

Coverage

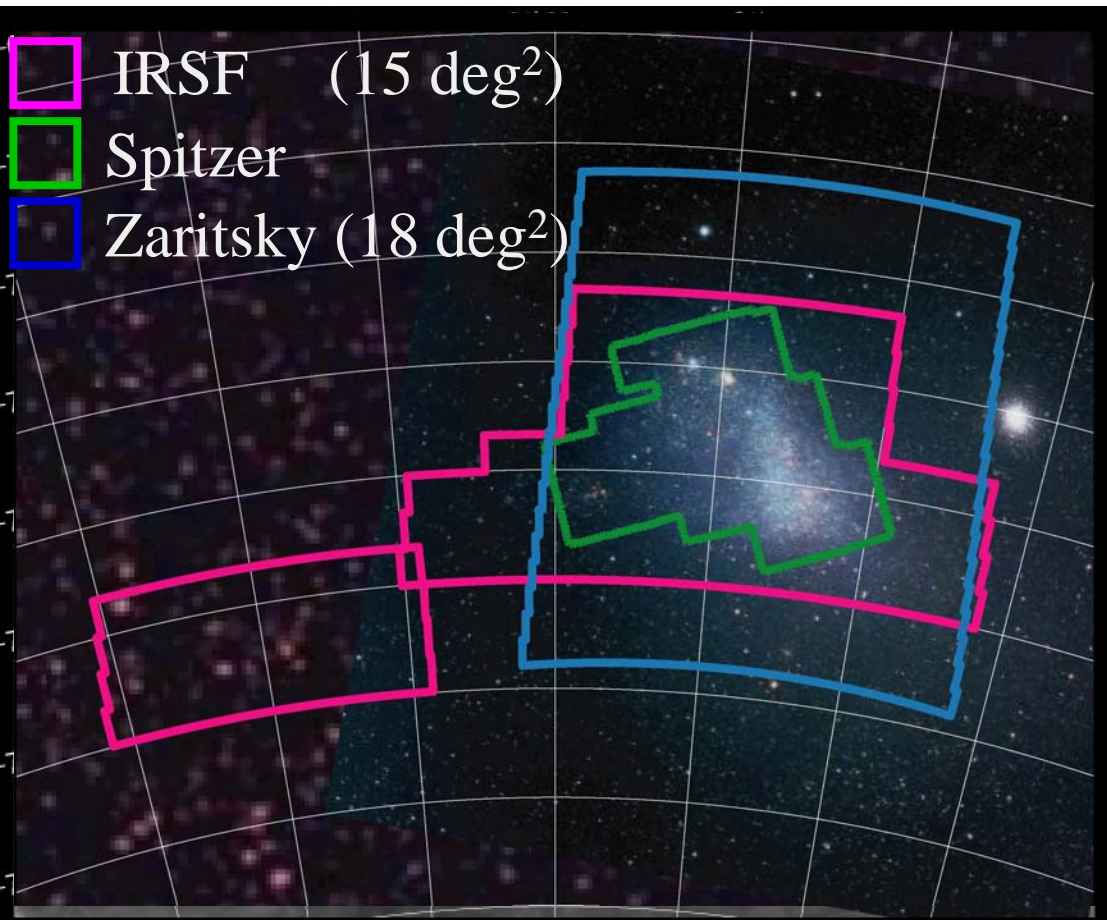


- 55 deg² of LMC, SMC, and a part of the Bridge

- LMC 40 deg²
(3,249 fields)

	IRSF	(40 deg ²)
	Zaritsky	(64 deg ²)
	Spitzer	(50 deg ²)
	Akari	(10 deg ²)

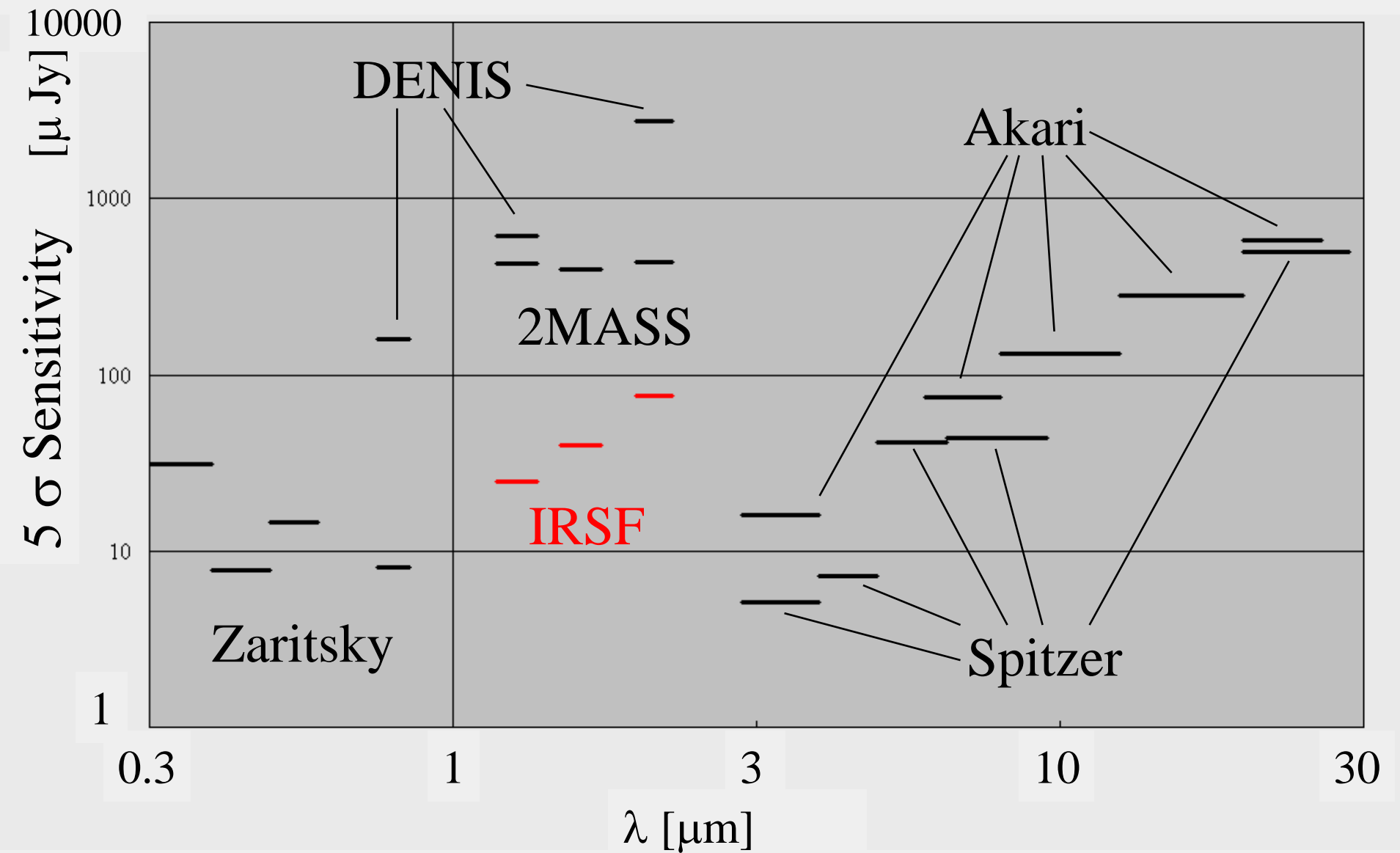
Coverage



- 55 deg² of LMC, SMC, and a part of the Bridge
- LMC 40 deg²
(3,249 fields)
- SMC 11 deg²
(882 fields)
- Bridge 4 deg²
(324 fields)
- Total 55 deg²
(4,455 fields)

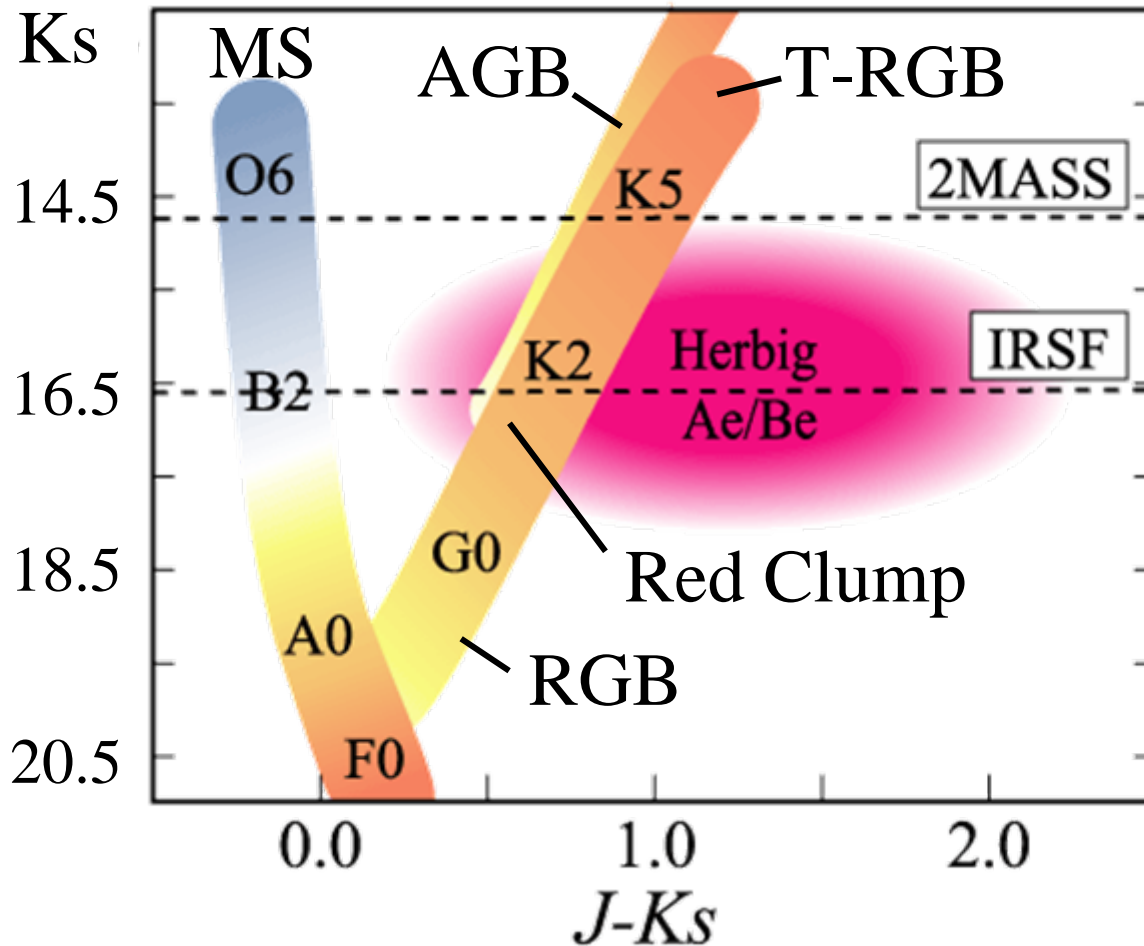
What are our advantages?

Sensitivity



IRSF: comparable to Zaritsky, Spitzer, and Akari

Pre- and post-MS stars can be detected

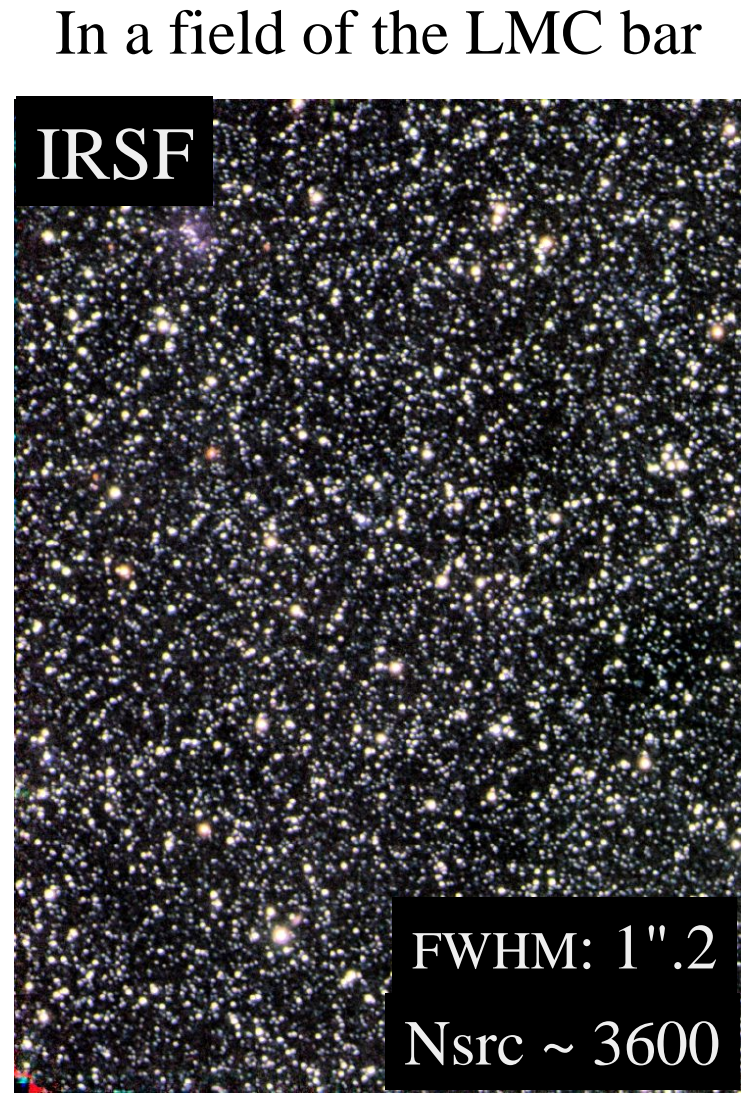


Schematic CMD
(J-K_s) vs. K_s

Detectable Objects

- dwarfs earlier than B2
- giants later than K2
- AGB stars
- Herbig Ae/Be stars with more than 3M_o
- red clump stars

Spatial Resolution



Our higher resolution enables to detect many sources

Based on the survey data (~2TB), we constructed a point-source catalog

Outline of the IRSF catalog

- NIR point-source catalog for the LMC, SMC and Bridge
- Source Counts (more than 4σ at least one band)

LMC : 14,822,341

SMC : 2,769,682

Bridge : 434,145

Total : 18,026,168

- 10σ limiting magnitudes

J: 18.8 mag, H: 17.8 mag, Ks: 16.6 mag

(cf. 15.7 15.3 14.7 for 2MASS)

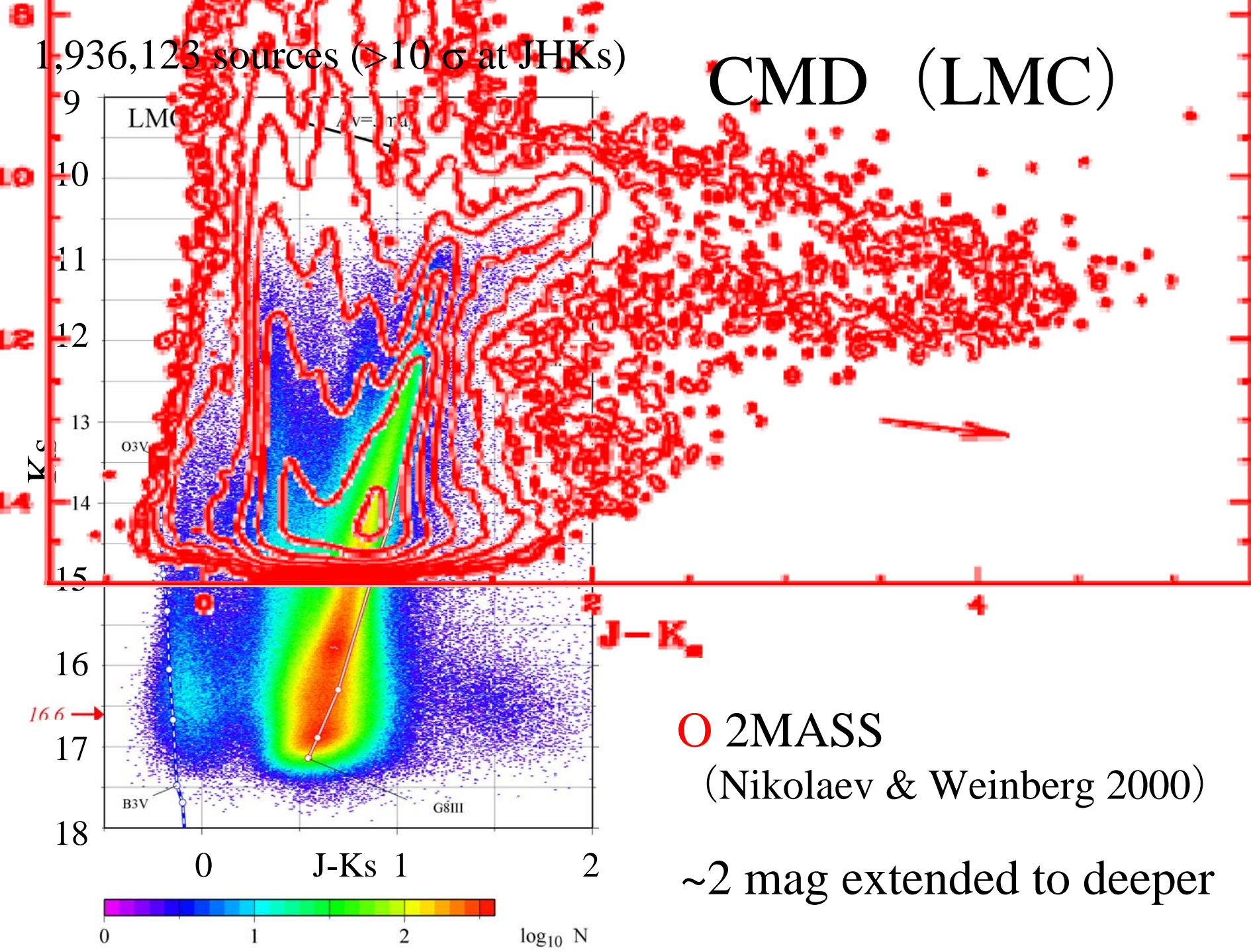
- Accuracies

–Photometric accuracy : 0.03 - 0.04 mag

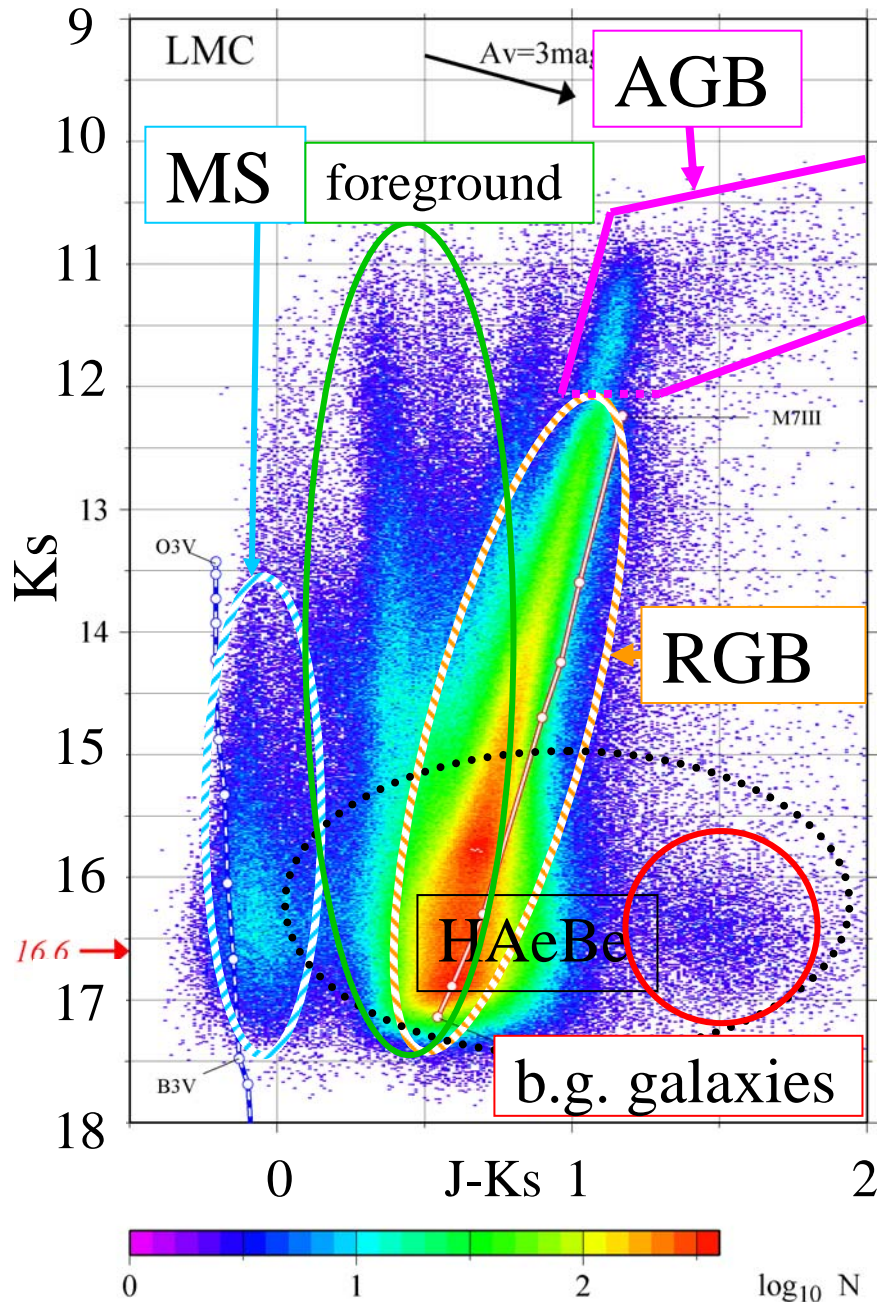
–Astrometric accuracy : 0.1 arcsec

→ What appear?

CMD (LMC)



1,936,123 sources ($> 10 \sigma$ at JHKs)



CMD (LMC)

Features

- Main Sequence
- RGB
- AGB stars
- Galactic foreground
- background galaxies
- (O H Ae Be stars)

→ Color-color diagram

Color-color diagram ³ (LMC)

Populations

○ giants

○ AGB stars

○ O3-B2 dwarfs

○ reddened giants ($A_V > 3$)

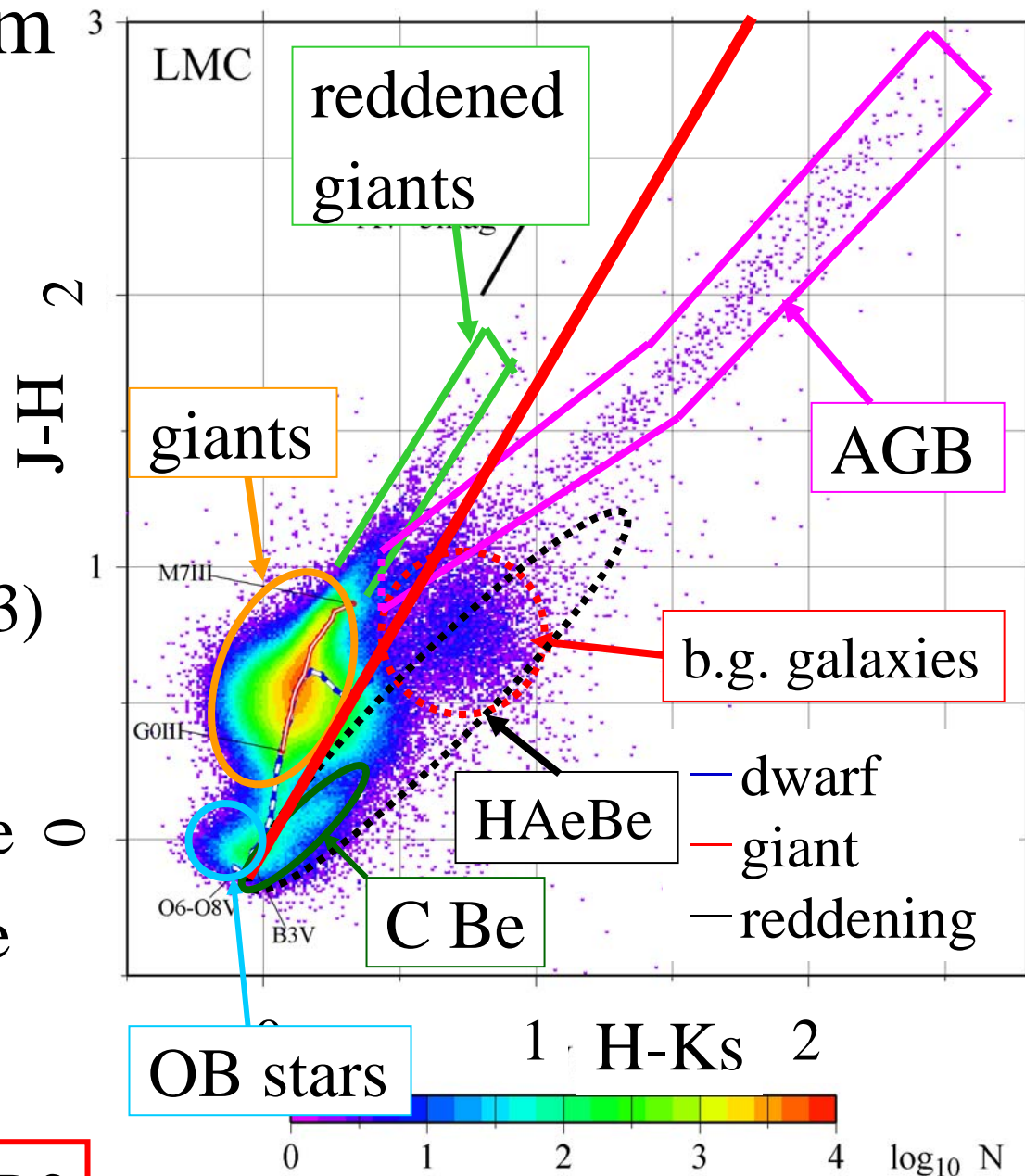
(---) NIR-excess sources

○ b.g. galaxies + HAeBe ○

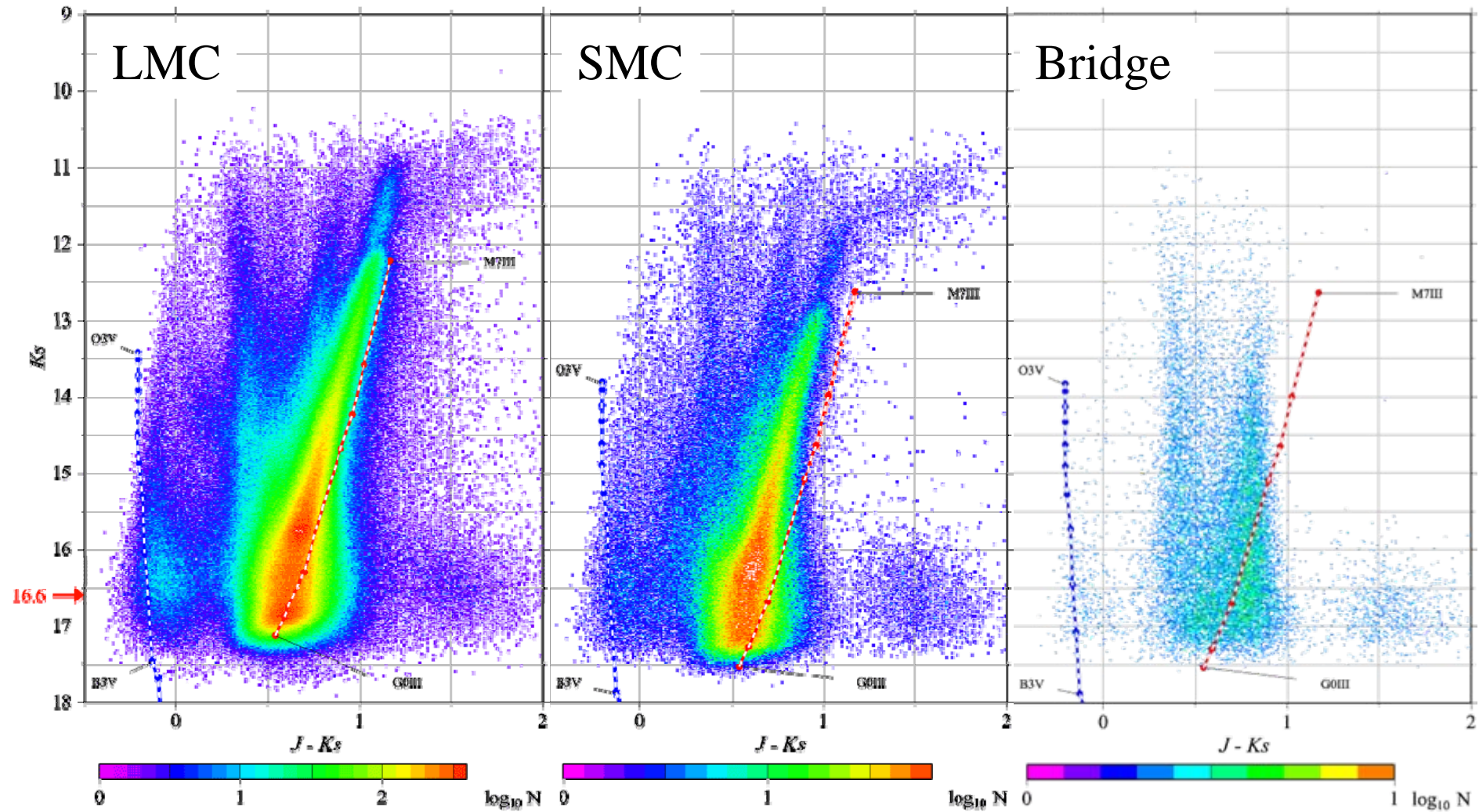
○ Classical Be + HAeBe

(○ HAeBe stars)

→ How about SMC & MB?



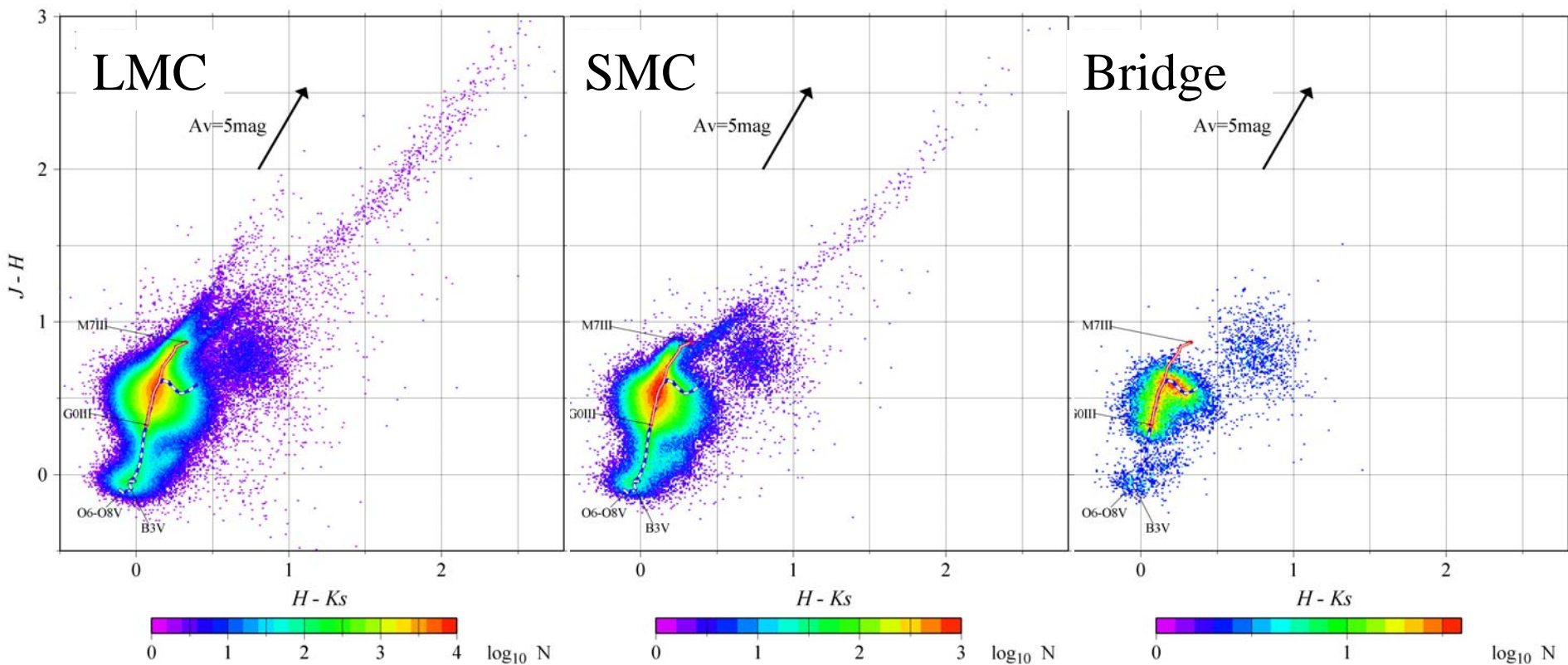
CMD : LMC, SMC, Bridge



SMC : similar to LMC

Bridge : no RGB and AGB features, Galactic foreground is dominant.

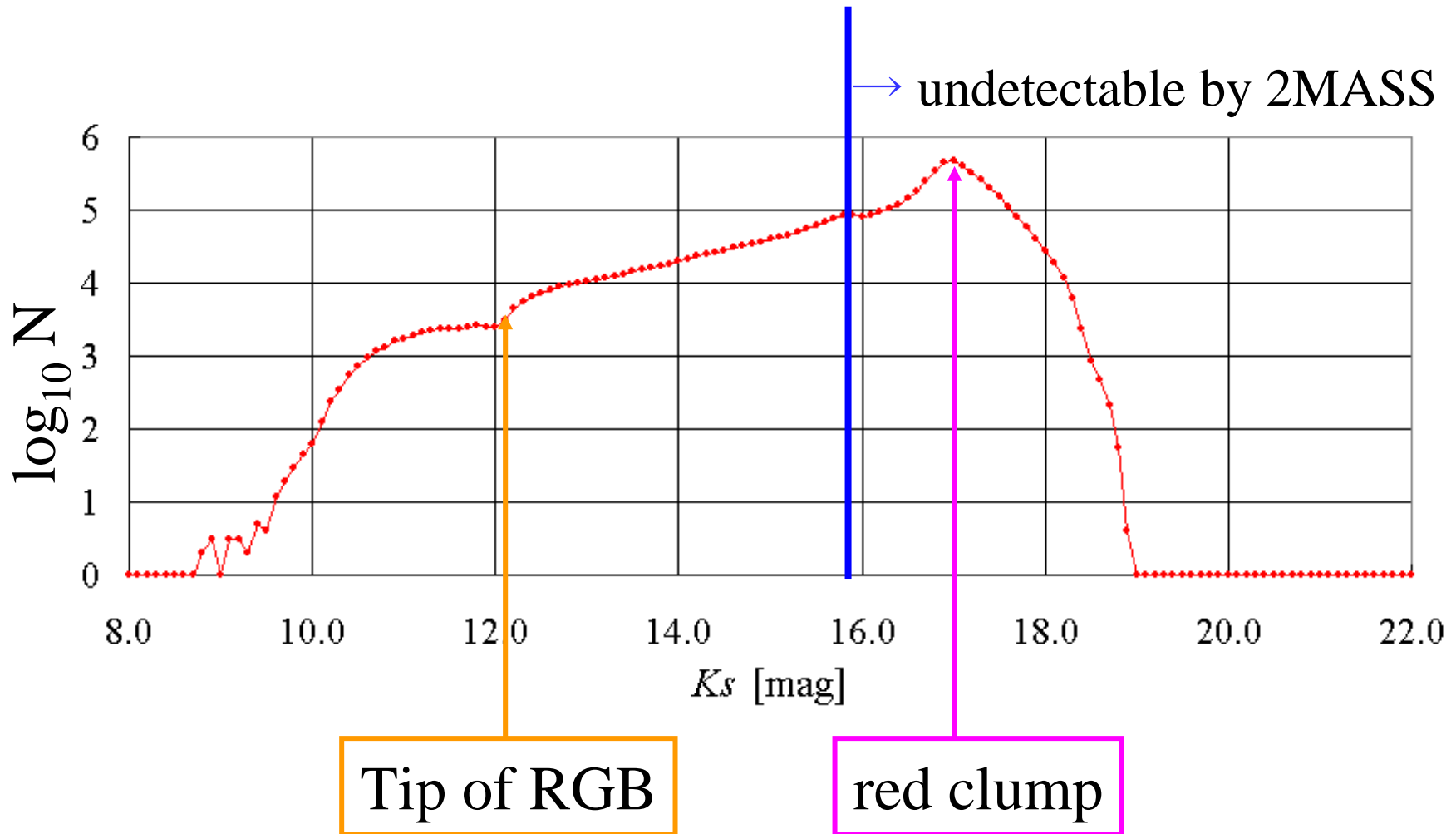
Color-color Diagram : LMC, SMC, Bridge



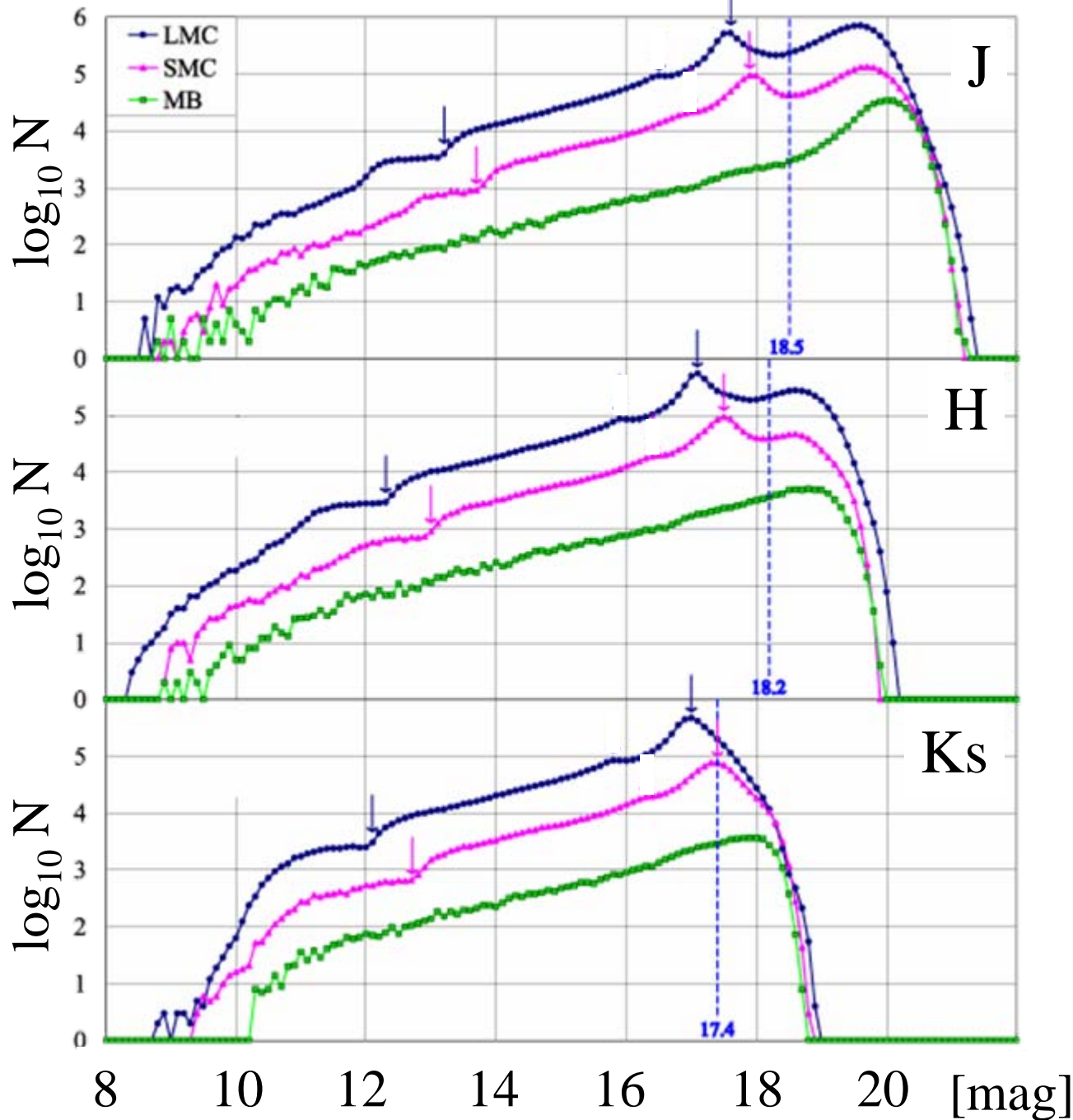
SMC : similar to LMC

Bridge : no RGB and AGB features, Galactic foreground is dominant.

Luminosity Function (LMC; Ks)



Features by T-RGB and RC



LFs

— : LMC
— : SMC
— : Bridge

RC, T-RC:

- seen in the LMC and SMC
- not seen in the Bridge

Summary

“The IRSF Magellanic Clouds Point Source Catalog”

- a NIR point-source catalog for the MCs
- covering 55 deg^2 of the LMC, the SMC, and the MB
- ~ 2 mag deeper and ~ 2 times finer than previous surveys
- with high photometric and astrometric accuracies
 - photometric accuracy: 0.03-0.04 mag
 - astrometric accuracy: 0.1 arcsec
- including many kinds of populations

Available at web sites

<ftp://dbc.nao.ac.jp/DBC/ADACnew/> or
<http://pasj.asj.or.jp/v59/n3/590315>

(PASJ 2007, 59, 615)